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> Engineering in Arctic Environmental compliance Geo Estimations for Field Development Well Engineering

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Art by Ivan Koulakov, Ph.D., Habil., Prof.,Corr. Member of Russian Academy of Sciences. Vice-director IPGG, SB RAS, Head of Seismic Tomography Lab Original is in Schlumberger office, Moscow.





Changing Industry Context – Challenges and Opportunities within Drilling, Reservoir **Management and Production**

SPE Norway One Day Seminar

18 April 2018 | Hotel Edvard Grieg | Bergen, Norway

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Conference Highlights

- Two operator panel sessions
- Six technical sessions
- Exhibition
- Networking reception
- Young Professionals' reception and luncheon

The only dedicated event in Norway addressing well, drilling, completion and intervention issues.



Inside this issue

Dear SPE Norway members,

the industry. I would like to encourage all of you to be active in supporting your local section by engaging in it's development We are facing the end of yet another year and finally, after few and actively participating at the events. For those, who are conyears with downturn, the outlook is positive. Stabilized oil tributing their free time to organize SPE events, your engageprice has paved path to optimism and shifted focus from cuts to ment is the best reward. innovation, digitalization and process efficiency. You will see Finally, I'd like to wish everyone nice holidays. Whether you will spend it offshore with your colleagues or at home with these topics reflected in this year's last magazine issue. We are also happy to see the growing activity in local SPE sec- your family – hope you will have time to reflect on everything tions that constantly strive to involve Oil&Gas community in you have achieved this year and to be proud of yourself! knowledge sharing and networking. The sections provide a valuable platform not just for experienced professionals but On behalv of the Editorial tean, also for students and young professionals who have just entered Giedre Malinauskaite

SPE The First Editorial team





Vita Kalashnikova QI Geophysicist, PSS-Geo AS

Maria Djomina

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Relief Well Injection Spool (RWIS) - Enables singl energy and B. Morry, Trendsetter Engineering

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Leak detection - Identification of source of low rate sustained annulus pressure

by M. Volkov and R.-M. Greiss, TGT Oilfield Services



Introduction:

This article demonstrates one of the largest chal- neling and pressure source formation. lenges many Operators face - low rate leaks in ments of regulatory for abandonment or to continrate build up and leak off.

Spectral Noise Logging for leak source identification:

Maxim Volkov Technical Domain Champion, TGT Oilfield Services



Rita-Michel Greiss Business Development Manager, TGT Oilfield Services Rita-michel.greiss@tgtoil.com

casing annuli. Such leaks show the barrier isolation failure and are critical to fulfill the require- Survey planning: ue well operation in a healthy manner. With the The minimum criteria for the successful leak decurrent development of the logging tools, the tecting and tracking of the path to the leak source source of the sustained annulus pressure can be are typically 1 bar per day. If the pressure build up identified if it builds up more than 1 bar a day. The is not monitored but there is a continuous leakage cases below were published previously by Opera- of the surface the minimum leak rate is defined as tors to demonstrate the capabilities of Spectral 10 liters per hour. So the well intervention with Noise Logging to investigate the source of low leak detection is planned if the input parameters

nique to identify different events downhole. The leak zones. The High Precision Temperature and noise generated by the fluid or gas moving through Spectral Noise Logging are acquired and comchannels, fractures, pores or wellbore is captured pared to the baseline logs. The difference between by the sensitive hydrophone. The logging is done the logs is caused by the induced leak, and allows via stations while pulling out of the wellbore to identification of the pressure source and tracks the reduce the influence of the noise from the tool flow path to the surface. movement and hence focusing instead on the minor events, such as low rate channeling and contributing reservoir. The captured noise data is then Applications: Spectral noise logging transformed into the spectral panel which de- for Pre-& Post Abandonment assessment. scribes the frequency and the amplitude of the noise source. The fluid noise spectrum and volume Well #1 was part of an abandonment campaign. is strongly dependent on the fluid type, pressure, The sustained annuli pressure was observed with a temperature, and flowrate. Although the noise rate of 0.1 bar a day in C-annulus and 5 bars a day intensity increases linear with increasing flow rate, in B-annulus. The maximum pressure in Bthe noise frequency spectrum depends not on the annulus was 35 bars whilst in C-annulus only 3.2 flow type or velocity but on the type of media or bars. Multiple log and plug/section milling stages channel through which the fluid moves.

Downhole High Precision Temperature data for tracking the flow:

Leaks in well completion components are conven- annuli. tionally detected by shut-in and bleed-off /leak off temperature logging with subsequent qualitative Well #2, a water injector, started experiencing the and quantitative interpretation of temperature logs. B-annulus pressure of 5 bars. The build-up rate did The problem in interpreting temperature logs is not exceed 1 bar a day. A conducted Cement Bond that they respond to various events and, in many Log survey indicated a good cement bonding becases, one cannot distinguish if it is vertical flow, low X500 while above the cement was poor qualilateral flow or some residual effects. In many cas- ty. A leak detection survey utilizing Spectral Noise es of low rate leaks the behind-casing communica- Logging and High Precision Temperature analysis tions had undetectable differences between shut-in was conducted under shut-in and the bleed-off and bleed-off / leak off temperatures, temperature survey indicated the activity in the reservoir and logging was helpless in identifying leak sources, channeling up in the good cement bonding area. but the temperature gradient change helped to The frequency noise pattern was in good correla-

identify the long-term events, such as crossflow or continuous annulus building up / bleed off chan-

exceed the above-mentioned criteria. The logging is started with a shut-in or build up mode. The last one should have close to maximum (flat) sustained annulus. In such logging conditions, the undisturbed baseline temperature and background noise is measured. The next stage is induced leak survey The passive noise logging is a well-known tech- when the differential pressure is applied across the

were executed in order to abandon the well. Each time, the Spectral Noise Logging and High Precision Temperature logging data analysis aided in determining the plug intervals and verifying the integrity of the plug. After the third stage, the sustained annulus pressure was eliminated in both



Well #1 Channelling noise and upward gas migration identified by Spectral Noise Logging and High Precision Temperature logging.



tion with saturation and permeability profiles Conclusion suggesting the gas was produced from these formations.

sustained annulus pressure.

production logging temperature can assess first barrier leakages only, the Spectral Noise Today with 60\$ oil price the oil and gas indus- Logging enables tracking the leaks at very try dictate the need for the Operators to reduce early stages occurring behind multiple barriers The perf and cement squeeze job restored the costs and operate in an efficient manner dur- with a minor rates enabling intervention and isolation in the B-annulus and eliminated the ing the life of a producing well and abandon- prolonging the well life. ment phase. While conventional spinners and

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Well #2 Channelling in the good cement bonding area identified by Spectral Noise Logging and High Precision Temperature logging.

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